Skills Worksheet

Directed Reading B

Section: Alternative Resources

Circle the letter of the best answer for the question.

- 1. Which of the following is a problem with fossil fuels?
 - a. They are made in a nuclear plant.
 - **b.** They are nonrenewable.
 - c. They are formed at high temperatures.
 - d. They release radioactive waste.

SPLITTING THE ATOM: FISSION

Read the words in the box. Read the sentences. <u>Fill in each blank</u> with the word or phrase that best completes the sentence.

fission

nuclear energy

megawatts

- 2. A fission or fusion reaction releases
- 3. Splitting the nuclei of radioactive atoms is called
- 4. Electrical energy and nuclear energy are often measured in

Pros and Cons of Fission

Circle the letter of the best answer for each question.

- 5. Why don't we use more nuclear energy instead of fossil fuels?
 - a. Nuclear plants make radioactive waste.
 - **b.** Nuclear plants are too noisy.
 - c. Nuclear plants are too small.
 - d. Nuclear plants are too cold.

Name	Class	Date
Directed Reading B continued		

Circle the letter of the best answer for each question.

- 6. What is a serious danger of nuclear power plants?
 - a. They can release radiation.
 - **b.** They can release smog.
 - c. They can release hydrocarbons.
 - d. They can destroy magnetic fields.

COMBINING ATOMS: FUSION

- 7. What is the joining of two or more nuclei to form a larger nucleus?
 - a. atom splitting
 - **b.** atom splicing
 - c. fission
 - d. fusion
- 8. Where does fusion happen naturally?
 - a. the ocean
 - b. nuclear power plants
 - c. the sun
 - d. the moon
- 9. What is the main disadvantage of fusion?
 - a. It produces air pollution.
 - **b.** It needs very high temperatures.
 - c. It creates a magnetic field.
 - d. It produces many dangerous wastes.

NI	e	Class	Date	
	ected Reading B continued			
CHE Rea	EMICAL ENERGY d the words in the box. R word or phrase that best	ead the sentences.		
	water fo	ıel cell	chemical energy	
10.	Energy released when a new compound is			
11.	An energy source that cheenergy is a(n)			
12.	In a fuel cell, hydrogen a		make	
SOL	LAR ENERGY			1
	solar cells s	olar energy	solar panels	
13.	Radiation energy from the			
14.	Sunlight can be turned in by using		y	
15.	Large panels made of so	lar cells are called		

Name	Class	Date
Directed Reading B continued		

WIND POWER

Circle the letter of the best answer for each question.

- 16. What is the use of a windmill to drive an electric generator called?
 - a. solar power
 - **b.** wind power
 - c. hydroelectric power
 - d. biomass power
- 17. Why can't all areas use wind power for electrical energy?
 - a. The wind isn't strong enough.
 - **b.** There isn't enough sunlight.
 - **c.** It is too expensive.
 - d. It causes too much pollution.

HYDROELECTRIC ENERGY

- **18.** How is hydroelectric energy produced?
 - a. from solar energy
 - **b.** by falling water
 - c. through fuel cells
 - d. by fusion

Pros and Cons of Hydroelectric Energy

- 19. What is one advantage of hydroelectric energy?
 - a. It is renewable.
 - **b.** It can be used everywhere.
 - c. It creates wildlife habitat.
 - d. It helps migrating birds.

Name	e	Class	Date
Dir	ected Reading B continued		
Circ	VER FROM PLANTS le the letter of the best answe		
20.	What is organic matter that ca	an be a sourc	e of energy called?
	a. biomass		
	b. atoms		
	c. hydrocarbons		
	d. nuclei		
Bur	ning Biomass		
21.	About what percentage of perburns biomass for heating ar	ople living in d cooking?	developing countries
	a. 10%		
	b. 30%		
	c. 50%		
	d. 70%		
22	. About what percentage of pe biomass for heating and coo	eople in the Uking?	Inited States burns
	a. 5%		
	b. 25%		
	c. 50%		
	d. 75%		
	sohol		
23	. What can plants that contain	n sugar or sta	rch be made into?
	a. gasoline		

- **b.** alcohol
- c. methane
- d. hydrocarbons

Nan	ne	Class	Date
	irected Reading B continued		
Circ	cle the letter of the best answer f	for each question.	
24.	What is a fuel made from alcohol	ol mixed with gasol	ine called?
	a. hydrocarbons		
	b. petroleum		
	c. gasohol		
	d. diesel		
25.	What is one disadvantage to usi	ng biomass for fuel	?
	a. Growing biomass uses lots of	land.	
	$\textbf{b.} \ \text{Growing biomass is difficult.}$		
	c. Biomass cannot be grown ever	erywhere.	
	d. Burning biomass does not get	hot.	
EN	ERGY FROM WITHIN EARTH		
26.	What is energy made by heat in	side Earth called?	
	a. geographic energy		
	b. volcanic energy		
	c. nuclear energy		
	d. geothermal energy		
27.	What causes volcanic eruptions	?	
	a. solar energy		**
	b. chemical energy		
	c. fusion		
	d. geothermal energy		
Geo	othermal Energy		
28.	What are the natural vents that d	ischarge steam from	the Earth called?
	a. geysers		
	b. geotherms		

c. magma

d. turbines

Name	Class	Date	
Directed Reading B continued			

Circle the letter of the best answer for each question.

- 29. Where is the world's largest geothermal power plant located?
 - a. Iceland
 - b. California
 - c. Alaska
 - d. Florida
 - **30.** How is geothermal energy used?
 - a. for cargo ships
 - **b.** in cars and busses
 - c. for heat and electricity
 - d. in the space shuttle

Name	Class	Date	
Skills Workshoot			

Vocabulary and Section Summary

/OC	tural Resources ABULARY
•	our own words, write a definition of the following terms in the space provided. natural resource
-	
2. r	renewable resource
_	
3. r	nonrenewable resource
_	
4. 1	recycling
-	

SECTION SUMMARY

Read the following section summary.

- We use natural resources such as water, petroleum, and lumber to make our lives more comfortable and convenient.
- Renewable resources can be replaced within a relatively short period of time, but nonrenewable resources may take thousands or even millions of years to form.
- Natural resources can be conserved by using only what is needed, taking care of resources, and recycling.

Name Date	Name	Class	Date
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Skills Worksheet

Vocabulary and Section Summary

Fossil Fuels VOCABULARY

1. fossil fuel

2. petroleum

40	GI ID C L			4. 41		provided
	your own words, write	a definition	of the following te	erms in tr	ne space	provided.
in '	your own words, write	a a a a a a a a a a				

- 3. natural gas
- 4. coal
- 5. acid precipitation
- 6. smog

Name	Class	Date
Vocabulary and Section Summary c	ontinued	

SECTION SUMMARY

Read the following section summary.

- Energy resources are resources that humans use to produce energy.
- Petroleum is a liquid fossil fuel that is made of hydrocarbon compounds.
- Natural gas is a gaseous fossil fuel that is made of hydrocarbon compounds.
- Coal is a solid fossil fuel that forms from the remains of swamp plants.
- Petroleum and natural gas form from the remains of microscopic sea life.
- Fossil fuels are found all over the world. The United States imports half of the petroleum it uses from the Middle East, South America, Africa, Mexico, and Canada.
- Fossil fuels are obtained by drilling oil wells, mining below Earth's surface, and strip mining.
- Acid precipitation, smog, water pollution, and the destruction of wildlife habitat are some of the environmental problems that are created by the use of fossil fuels.

D .				101
Div	719	310	m	$((\dot{\mathbf{T}})$
	1		11	(\mathbf{U})

Find each quotient.

Multip	olving	By 3	(G)
	-JO	-j	()

Find each product.

9	3	3	7	5	11	3	3	12	3
_×3	<u>×4</u>	_×6	<u>×3</u>	<u>×3</u>	<u>×3</u>	<u>× 10</u>	_ × 3	_ × 3	× 1
									_
8	5	1	12	3	6	3	3	10	3
<u>×3</u>	<u>×3</u>	<u>×3</u>	<u>×3</u>	<u>× 11</u>	<u>×3</u>	<u>×2</u>	× 9	<u>×3</u>	× 3
					4.0		0	0	
6	8	3	3	1	10	4	3	2	3
<u>×3</u>	<u>×3</u>	<u>× 11</u>	<u>×3</u>	<u>×3</u>	<u>×3</u>	<u>×3</u>	<u>× 12</u>	<u>×3</u>	<u>×7</u>
10	3	2	8	6	3	3	3	3	9
10								× 12	× 3
<u>×3</u>	<u>×7</u>	<u>×3</u>	<u>×3</u>	<u>×3</u>	<u>×3</u>	<u>×4</u>	<u>× 11</u>		
3	3	3	3	5	3	3	3	3	12
× 3	× 8	× 7	× 10	× 3	× 1	× 11	× 2	× 4	× 3
3	3	3	3	5	8	6	9	3	3
× 4	× 10	× 11	× 3	× 3	× 3	× 3	× 3	× 2	× 12
12	6	9	3	3	3	3	1	5	3
× 3	× 3	_ × 3	× 11	_ × 8	<u>× 10</u>	_×7	<u>×3</u>	<u>×3</u>	× 2
6	7	4	8	3	3	3	3	3	1
× 3	_×3	× 3	<u>×3</u>	× 5	_× 9	_ × 3	<u>×2</u>	<u>× 10</u>	<u>×3</u>
12	7	11	10	3	3	3	3	8	3
<u>×3</u>	<u>×3</u>	<u>×3</u>	<u>×3</u>	<u>×2</u>	_×6	_×9	<u>×4</u>	<u>×3</u>	× 3
2000000	A1000-2010		10.					~	_
3	3	3	3	3	12	3	11	3	7
<u>× 6</u>	<u>× 9</u>	<u>×2</u>	<u>×3</u>	<u>×8</u>	<u>×3</u>	<u>×1</u>	<u>×3</u>	× 5	× 3

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Adding with Some Regrouping (G)

Find each sum.

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Subtracting from Minuends to 9 (G)

Find each difference.

5 3	9 - 3		6 - 3	8 5	7 6	9 7	83	6 - 4
8 2	5 -3			5 - 4	8 - 6		7 - 2	6 - 5
4 3	7 1			5 - 4	8 - 4		7 - 5	
4 - 2	8 4			9 5	3 1		9 1	
8 - 2	9 - 4	9 7			8 - 7		5 4	9 - 2
6 - 2	5 - 2	9 - 3		9 7	9 - 1		9 - 2	8 -1
7 - 2	6 - 4	8 - 2	2 - 1		7 - 5			8 - 3
6 - 4	3 - 2	7 2		8 7	7 - 6			
					4 - 3			
	5 - 2			6 <u>- 1</u>	3 1		7 6	8 6

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Practice 1-5

Understanding Decimals

Write each decimal in words.

1. 213.23

2. 7,430.25

3. 81.8887

- **4.** 12.873

5. 8.0552

6. 0.00065

Write each decimal in standard form and in expanded form.

7. three tenths

8. eight tenths

9. two hundredths

- 10. forty hundredths
- What is the value of the digit 7 in each number?
- **11.** 0.7

12. 4.00712

13. 2.179

14. 1.8887

15. 15.002237

16. 27.002

- Round each decimal to the underlined place.
- **17.** 28,467.0<u>8</u>9

18. 348.92<u>9</u>71

19. 72.<u>1</u>4

20. 22.985<u>5</u>3

21. 19.82<u>5</u>49

22. 1.999<u>2</u>8

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1-5 • Guided Problem Solving

GPS Student Page 25, Exercise 43:

Heights Artists use a ratio called the Golden Mean to describe a person's height. Your height from the floor to your waist is usually six hundred eighteen thousandths of your total height. Round this number to the nearest hundredth.

Understand

- 1. Is the number more or less than 1? Explain.
- 2. The word *thousandths* represents how many decimal places to the right of the decimal point?

Plan and Carry Out

- 3. Write six hundred eighteen thousandths in standard form.
- 4. What digit is in the hundredths place?
- 5. What digit is to the right of the hundredths place?
- 6. Based on the number above, should you round up or down?
- 7. Round this number to the nearest hundredth.

Check

8. Did you round up or down? Why?

Solve Another Problem

9. Liz has a height of five feet and two and forty-five hundredths of an inch. Round Liz's height to the nearest inch.

Practice 1-5

Understanding Decimals

Write each decimal in words.

1. 12.873

2. 8.0552

3. 0.00065

Write each decimal in standard form.

- **4.** three tenths
- **5.** fifty-two hundredths **6.** 30 + 4 + 0.9 + 0.02

Write each decimal in expanded form.

- **7.** 213.23
- 8. 5.625
- **9.** 19.01

What is the value of the digit 7 in each number?

10. 0.7

11. 4.00712

12. 2.179

Round each decimal to the underlined place.

13. 467.0<u>8</u>9

14. 8.<u>9</u>29

15. 72.<u>1</u>4

Reteaching 1-5

Ones	Tenths	Hundredths	Thousandths
2	3	6	9

2 and 369 thousandths

- Standard form: 2.369
- To find the value of a digit, multiply the digit by its place value. 9 stands for 9×0.001 or 0.009.
- Expanded form: 2.369 = 2 + 0.3 + 0.06 + 0.009
- To round to the nearest tenth, look at the value to the right (hundredths). 2.369 ← because $6 \ge 5$, round up.

1. 0.2

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2. 0.15

3. 0.29

4. 0.11

5. 0.60

6. 0.9

Write each decimal in standard form.

7. seven tenths

8. one tenth

9. four hundredths

- **10.** seven hundredths
- **11.** twenty-two hundredths
- **12.** forty-six hundredths

Write each decimal in expanded form.

13. 3.6

14. 4.72

15. 1.283

16. 21.5

Round each decimal to the underlined place.

17. 78.<u>6</u>32

18. 9.1746

Find the value of the digit 6 in each number.

19. 10.3678

20. 145.620

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Enrichment 1-5

Understanding Decimals

Decision Making

When you make a purchase, often you have a choice to give the clerk exact change or to receive change.

1. A cashier has only one-dollar bills, quarters, and dimes. List all the ways you could receive \$2.50 in change.

\$1.00	\$.25	\$.10	\$1.00	\$.25	\$.10	\$1.00	\$.25	\$.10

- 2. Which of the combinations from Exercise 1 will provide you with the fewest coins? Which will provide you with the greatest number of coins?
- 3. If you had a choice, why might you want as many coins as possible returned as part of your change?
- 4. If you had a choice, why might you pay for a purchase with exact change?
- 5. If you were to get change for a ten-dollar bill today, what would be the best combination of bills and coins for you? Explain.

1C: Reading/Writing Math Symbols For use after Lesson 1-5

Study Skill When you take notes, it helps if you learn to use abbreviations and symbols to represent words. For instance, @ means at, # means number, w/ means with and = means equal.

Match the symbol in Column A with its meaning in Column B.

Column A

- 1. <
- 2. =
- 3. \$
- **5**.)

Column B

- A. dollar
- B. is less than
- **C.** is greater than
- D. divided by
- E. is equal to
- F. is approximately equal to

Write each mathematical statement in word form.



Write a mathematical statement for each word description.